New Headway Pre-Intermediate
Test Booklet

Note to the teacher

This booklet contains

- **14 Unit Tests** which revise the corresponding unit in New Headway Pre-Intermediate Student's Book. There are two versions (A and B) of each test. They cover the same material, but have been reorganized to allow easier administration of the tests in the classroom. Each test has a total score of 100.

- **An optional listening exercise** at the back of the book for each unit, using the recordings from the Student's Book.

- **An Answer key** for all the exercises.

These tests may be photocopied freely for classroom use. They may not be adapted, printed, or sold without the permission of Oxford University Press.
1 Complete the questions.

1 ‘What’s your name?’ ‘My name’s Ben.’
2 ‘What______?’ ‘I’m studying computer science.’
3 ‘______ born?’ ‘I was born in London.’
4 ‘Where______ from?’ ‘I’m from Liverpool.’
5 ‘Are______?’ ‘No, I’m single.’
6 ‘______ a job?’ ‘No, I don’t. I’m a student.’
7 ‘What sort______ like?’ ‘I like rock music.’
8 ‘______ Liverpool?’ ‘It’s in the northwest of England.’
9 ‘Are______ your course?’ ‘Yes, I’m enjoying it very much.’
10 ‘Do______ clubs?’ ‘I do go sometimes.’
11 ‘What______ doing in your free time?’ ‘I like watching sport on television.’

2 Make these statements into questions.

1 Julia can dance well.
   Can Julia dance well?
2 They watch television every night.
   ____________________________
3 John’s having a shower.
   ____________________________
4 Girls study more than boys.
   ____________________________
5 Tom has a good job.
   ____________________________
6 Ian plays football for Arsenal.
   ____________________________
7 Dogs are very clever.
   ____________________________
8 He’s living in Warsaw.
   ____________________________
9 I can help you wash up.
   ____________________________
10 Some video games are very expensive.
   ____________________________
11 You know that you’re wrong.
   ____________________________

2 points for each correct answer 20

3 Complete the conversation with question words from the box. Use each word once.

Emma and Gary meet at a party. They haven’t met for five years.

Gary Emma! Hi! Do you remember me?
Emma Gary! (1) ______ nice to see you!
Gary You look great!
Emma Yes, I’m very well. (2) ______ are you?
Gary Fine, thanks. (3) ______ are you living now?
Emma I’m living here, in east London.
Gary Do you still work in the Post Office?
Emma No, I don’t.
Gary (4) ______ did you leave?
Emma That job was very boring.
Gary (5) ______ are you doing now?
Emma I’m working as a teacher.
Gary Really! So am I! (6) ______ do you teach?
Emma At St James High School.
Gary (7) ______ subjects do you teach?
Emma History and English. I’m sorry, Gary, but I’m going now.
Gary Oh. Can I help you find your coat? (8) ______ is yours?
Emma That blue one over there.
Gary (9) ______ hat is this? Is it yours?
Emma No, it isn’t.

2 points for each correct answer 20
NAME: 

Emma: This is my husband, Paul. Paul, this is Gary, a very old friend.

1 point for each correct answer 10

4. Complete the dialogues with phrases from the box.


Hi Jan! Nice to see you.

1. ‘Hello Sue!’ ‘______________________’
2. ‘______________________’ ‘Yes, can I help you?’
3. ‘Good morning.’ ‘______________________’
4. ‘______________________’ ‘Fine, thanks.’
5. ‘Make yourself at home.’ ‘______________________’
6. ‘What are you doing this weekend?’ ‘______________________’
7. ‘Thank you so much for helping.’ ‘______________________’
8. ‘Have a nice day.’ ‘______________________’
9. ‘Here’s your beer.’ ‘______________________’
10. ‘See you next week.’ ‘______________________’

2 points for each correct answer 20

5. Circle the correct form of the verb.

1. Paul’s French. He comes / is coming from Toulouse.
2. Does Mr Taylor use / Is Mr Taylor using the computer at the moment?
3. Dave helps / is helping a student with her work.
4. It’s very noisy – Suzy listens / ‘s listening to rock music.
5. Carol doesn’t study / isn’t studying hard for her exam.
6. Most students don’t smoke / aren’t smoking these days.
7. You look nice, Anne. Do you wear / Are you wearing a new dress?
8. Many birds fly / are flying south every winter.
9. Usually, Jim goes / ‘s going to work on Saturdays.
10. Japan has / is having many high mountains.
11. Cats see / are seeing very well in the dark.

1 point for each correct answer 10

6. Write the jobs.

1 music musician 7 post
2 journal 8 police
3 art 9 reception
4 politics 10 science
5 photograph 11 electric
6 manage

1 point for each correct answer 10

7. Translate these sentences.

1. A What does he do?
   B He’s a teacher.
   A __________________________________________
   B __________________________________________

2. A Where’s your boss?
   B She isn’t working today.
   A __________________________________________
   B __________________________________________

3. A What is she doing in London?
   B She’s studying art.
   A __________________________________________
   B __________________________________________

4. A Why are you learning English?
   B Because I want to work in the USA.
   A __________________________________________
   B __________________________________________

5. A Are you married?
   B Yes, I am. My husband is from Scotland.
   A __________________________________________
   B __________________________________________

2 points for each correct answer 10

TOTAL 100
1. Complete the radio interview with Yupin from Thailand. Use the correct form of the Present Simple.

I: Yupin, you _1__ come _2__ from Thailand. Tell us about life there.

Y: Well, I _3__ be _4__ from Bangkok, the capital of Thailand. It's a beautiful city. The weather _5__ be _6__ usually very hot. It _7__ not rain _8__ much for most of the year, but during the rainy season it _9__ rain _10__ almost every day.

I: How interesting! Thailand’s a popular place for tourists, isn’t it?

Y: Yes, many people _11__ come _12__ from all over the world. Thai people _13__ like _14__ foreigners very much. At the moment Thailand _15__ make _16__ a lot of money from tourism.

I: _17__ have _18__ visitors from England _19__ a problem with the language?

Y: Most Thai people _20__ not understand _21__ English very well, so please _22__ not speak _23__ too quickly if you go there.

I: What can visitors _24__ learn _25__ about life in Thailand?

Y: We _26__ not invite _27__ people to our homes until we _28__ know _29__ them well, but we are very friendly and we _30__ take _31__ our friends to a restaurant instead. We _32__ have _33__ so many excellent places to eat, and meals _34__ be _35__ cheap.

I: Why _36__ be _37__ you here in England, Yupin?

Y: I _38__ enjoy _39__ travelling, and I _40__ want _41__ to visit many different places in Europe.

I: Well, I _42__ hope _43__ you have a good holiday. Thanks for talking to us.

2. Circle the correct form of the verb.

1. Every morning, Tessa(_gets up_) / is getting up at 7.30.
2. Do you go / Are you going to the pub tonight?
3. Oh, someone sits / _s_ sitting in my seat!
4. I’m sorry, I can’t help you at the moment. I cook / _m_ cooking dinner.
5. Derek’s good at golf but he _45__ doesn’t play _46__ isn’t playing very often.
6. I have / _m_ having a pain in my leg.
7. Do you always wear / Are you always wearing glasses?
8. Mrs Steele talks / _s_ talking to her boss. I’ll tell her you phoned.
9. Adam often paints / is often painting pictures of horses.
10. Turn the TV off – no one watches / _s_ watching it!
11. She’s not ready – she washes / _s_ washing her hair.

3. Answer the questions about Amanda, a schoolgirl. Use short answers.

1. Does she wear a school uniform? _Yes, she does._
2. Does she have a Walkman? ____________
3. Is she carrying a tennis racket? ____________
4. Is she wearing a hat? ____________
5. Has Amanda got a tie? ____________
6. Has she got a school bag? ____________

Now, answer the questions about yourself.

7. Can you swim well? ____________
8. Have you got a computer at home? ____________
9. Are you good at English? ____________
10. Do you wear glasses? ____________
11. Are your neighbours nice? ____________
4 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (✗)?

LIVING IN THE USA

Roberto came from Acapulco to New York ten years ago. At first he missed everything – the sunshine, the food, his girlfriend. But now he has a successful business with his three brothers and his sister. They run a soccer store in New Brunswick. Roberto's girlfriend is now his wife, and they have two children who go to American schools.

When asked why he came to the US, Roberto says without hesitation, ‘Because I want to work hard and be successful.’ He certainly works hard. He's at the store all day, then works as a driver in the evening. ‘That's why I like America,’ he says. ‘You can be what you want.’

‘When I first came here, I didn’t speak the language, and it was winter. It was so cold! There was snow! Now nearly all my family are here, not only in New York, but also in California, and in Texas. We meet about once a month and have a huge Mexican meal that takes about five hours! We’re all happy here.’

1. Roberto came to New York with his girlfriend. ✓
2. Roberto’s sister lives in New York. ✓
3. Roberto’s family runs a sports shop. ✓
4. Roberto is married. ✓
5. Roberto didn’t want to come to America. ✓
6. Roberto has two jobs. ✓
7. Roberto couldn’t speak English at first. ✓
8. The weather was a problem for Roberto. ✓
9. All Roberto’s family now lives in New York. ✓
10. Some of Roberto’s family want to go back to Mexico. ✓

5 Write the -ing form of the verbs.

1. come  coming  7. begin  beginning
2. shine  shining  8. get  getting
3. run  running  9. take  taking
4. smoke  smoking  10. rain  raining
5. have  having  11. swim  swimming
6. stop  stopping

6 Translate these sentences.

1. They haven’t got any children.

2. A Is he studying for his exams at the moment?
   B Yes, he is.

3. A Do you have breakfast in a café?
   B No, I don’t.

4. He doesn’t eat meat.

5. She wears a uniform at school.
1 Complete the sentences using while, during, or for.
   1. It rained ________ three hours yesterday.
   2. Peter was on the phone ________ an hour.
   3. ________ the summer it is often very hot.
   4. The children were playing outside ________ their mother was cooking dinner.
   5. Nobody listened ________ the lesson.
   6. ________ we were having breakfast, the postman arrived.

   2 points for each correct answer

2 Write two ways of saying each sentence.
   1. Come on 4 July. ____________________________
      Come on 4th July.
   2. Today is 30 November. ____________________________
   3. It begins on 2 February. ____________________________
   4. Let’s meet on 16 June. ____________________________
   5. They arrive on 31 March. ____________________________
   6. We leave on 12 August. ____________________________

   2 points for each correct answer

3 Circle the correct form of the verb.

   This morning, I (1) walked / was walking to work. I (2) didn’t want / wasn’t wanting to go by bus because the sun (3) shone / was shining. While I (4) walked / was walking past the supermarket, I (5) saw / was seeing something strange. A man (6) passed / was passing me and he (7) sang / was singing a football song very loudly, on his own! He (8) continued / was continuing for a few minutes. Then he (9) met / was meeting a friend and he (10) stopped / was stopping singing.

   1 point for each correct answer

4 Complete the text. Use the correct form of the Past Simple.

   I (1) visit ________ Istanbul in 1995.
   I (2) go ________ there with my friend. We only (3) speak ________ English unfortunately!
   Sometimes people (4) not understand ________ us, but it (5) not matter ________ . They (6) be ________ very friendly. We (7) see ________ many beautiful buildings including the Aya Sophia Mosque. We (8) not have ________ much money so we (9) try ________ to live cheaply. We (10) eat ________ a lot of bread and cheese. We (11) have ________ a wonderful time in Turkey and I’m sure we’ll go back there some day.

   1 point for each correct answer

5 Write the Past Simple of the verbs.

   1. stop ____________ stopped
   2. arrive ____________ arrived
   3. send ____________ sent
   4. use ____________ used
   5. save ____________ saved
   6. smile ____________ smiled
   7. travel ____________ travelled
   8. rob ____________ robbed
   9. plan ____________ planned
   10. make ____________ made
   11. clap ____________ clapped

   2 points for each correct answer
6 Read the text. Are the statements true (√) or false (✗)?

THE BURGLARS’ FRIEND

It was 3 o’clock in the morning when four-year-old Russell Brown woke up to go to the toilet.
His parents were fast asleep in bed. But when he heard a noise in the living room and saw a light was on, he went downstairs.
There he found two men. They asked him his name, and told him they were friends of the family.
Unfortunately, Russell believed them. They asked him where the video recorder was. Russell showed them, and said they had a stereo and a CD player, too.
The two men carried these to the kitchen. Russell also told them that his mother kept her purse in a drawer in the kitchen, so they took that. Russell even gave them his pocket money – 50p.
They finally left at 4 a.m. They said ‘Will you open the back door while we take these things to the car, because we don’t want to wake Mummy and Daddy, do we?’ So Russell held the door open for them. He then went back to bed.
His parents didn’t know about the burglary until they got up the next day. His father said, ‘I couldn’t be angry with Russell because he thought he was doing the right thing.’ Fortunately, the police caught the two burglars last week.

7 Complete the conversation with at, in, or on. If no preposition is needed, write –.

Simon What are you doing (1) ______ Christmas Day?
Joanna Well, (2) ______ Christmas morning we always go to church. Then (3) ______ about twelve o’clock we’re going next door for lunch. There’s a party (4) ______ the evening at the sports centre. Are you going to Karen’s party (5) ______ next week?

Simon Do you mean the party (6) ______ the twenty-first? I’m afraid I can’t go. We like going away (7) ______ December – in fact, (8) ______ tomorrow we’re off to Bali for Christmas. See you (9) ______ three weeks, (10) ______ January!

8 Translate these sentences.

1 She didn’t see her family at Christmas. ________________________________
2 When they arrived, I was making a phone call. ________________________________
3 Did you post my letter yesterday? ________________________________
4 They took a lot of photographs last summer. ________________________________
5 A What were you doing at 8.00 last night?
   B We were doing the washing-up.
   A ________________________________
   B ________________________________
4 Test B

1 Circle the correct word or words.

1 Let’s have ice cream (an ice cream).
2 I’d like glass / a glass of milk, please.
3 How often do you eat chocolate / a chocolate?
4 I read paper / a paper every day.
5 This table is made of glass / a glass.
6 They don’t like chocolate / a chocolate.
7 Does he like cake / a cake?
8 Would you like coffee / a coffee?
9 Please have cake / a cake.
10 I never drink coffee / a coffee.

2 points for each correct answer [18]

2 Complete the sentences with someone/somebody, anyone/anybody, something, or anything.

1 I went shopping, but I didn’t buy ___________.
2 Don’t let ___________ touch my computer while I’m out.
3 Is ___________ listening to me?
4 Listen! I’ve ___________ important to tell you.
5 He doesn’t care; he’ll watch ___________ on television!
6 That meal was huge – I couldn’t eat ___________ else!
7 If ___________ asks, tell them I’ve got a cold.
8 She needs ___________ to help her choose a birthday present.
9 Have you got ___________ to take the pain away?
10 ___________ phoned but they didn’t leave their name.
11 Would ___________ please explain what happened?

2 points for each correct answer [20]

3 Complete the text with a, an, or the. If nothing is needed, write –.

Shelley’s a visitor from (1) ______ United States. She’s in London visiting (2) ______ number of famous places. Shelley’s (3) ______ architect so she enjoys looking at (4) ______ modern buildings. She knows she’ll walk (5) ______ few miles today, so she’s wearing (6) ______ good pair of (7) ______ comfortable shoes. She has (8) ______ old map with her. (9) ______ map’s not very good, but Shelley says it’s (10) ______ best one she’s found.

1 point for each correct answer [10]

4 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (✗)?

THE BEST SHOPPING STREET IN THE WORLD

A recent survey has shown that the busiest shopping street in the world is not in London, New York, or Paris, but in Warsaw. It’s called Nowy Świat (pronounced /ˈnɔjɨ ˈswaɪt/), which means New World. An incredible 14,000 Poles walk down this main street every hour.

It is a lovely place to shop. The pavements are very wide. There are statues, palaces, attractive town houses, exclusive cafés, and high-class restaurants. The buildings aren’t too tall. They look old, but in fact the whole city was rebuilt after World War II.

There aren’t any billboards or neon lights. There isn’t any loud music, and there aren’t any tourists. People think that Polish shops have nothing to sell, so nobody comes shopping here. The world doesn’t know about this paradise for shoppers – yet.

It is now possible to buy almost everything in Warsaw. There are a lot of shops from the West, but the interesting thing is that Polish manufacturers are now producing high quality goods. They are good because they are not mass produced for world consumption.

Nowy Świat has a lot of small shops, specialist shops, and chic shops. It hasn’t got the huge department stores that sell the same things everywhere.

If you want an exquisite handmade suit, Nowy Świat is the place to go. It isn’t cheap. You will pay up to £1,000. For beautiful French baby clothes, go to Petit Bateau. You will pay £50 for a pair of blue jeans for a baby. A dress for a baby girl is about £90. At Désa, a famous antique shop, a desk costs £5,000, and a 19th century Russian icon is £200.

Not everything is expensive. At the shop Pantera you can buy leather goods – handbags, purses, coats, and belts. Cepelia specializes in folk art. There are also book shops and record shops. And there are a lot of small boutiques that sell men’s and women’s clothes that aren’t too expensive.

If you’re tired, stop at Café Blíklo. This is a fashionable place to meet. You’ll find a lively atmosphere, and a lot of well-known Poles.

The frozen yoghurt and ice-creams are excellent, and its famous doughnuts are delicious.

It is possible to travel the world and find the same things for sale everywhere. But Warsaw is different because its shops are unique – and they’re in Nowy Świat.

1 Nowy Świat is a town in Poland. ➚
2 There are some famous old buildings in Nowy Świat. ✗
3 Nowy Świat has a lively atmosphere. ✓
4 Most of the people shopping here are Poles. ✗
5 Polish goods are sold in many countries. ✗
6 You can buy children’s clothes at Petit Bateau. ✗
7 You can buy an expensive new desk at Désa. ✗
8 Some shops are quite cheap. ___
9 The best drinks are at Café Blikle. ___
10 Warsaw's shops are different from those in other countries. ___

5 Write sentences.
1 please / I / stamps / have / can / ten / ?
   Can I have ten stamps, please?
2 tell / where / me / is / you / can / it / ?
3 there / left / any / aren't / I'm / afraid
4 would / you / to / like / how / pay / ?
5 could / help / wonder / me / I / if / you / ?
6 changing / rooms / there / are / over / the

6 Write the plural form of the nouns.
1 day __________ days
2 address __________
3 lady __________
4 key __________
5 sandwich __________
6 fish __________
7 person __________
8 city __________
9 potato __________
10 church __________
11 woman __________
12 sheep __________
13 glass __________

7 Translate these sentences.
1 They've got a house and a flat. The house is quite big and the flat is small.
2 She's an artist. She likes modern paintings.
3 A Are there any vegetables?
   B Yes. There are some onions over there.
4 There are some carrots but there aren't any tomatoes.
5 How many eggs and how much milk do you need for the cake?
1 Match the words with a verb from the box.

- post  tell  drive  do  make  cash  ride  pack  pay  order  cook

1 _______ a letter
2 _______ a cheque
3 _______ a bill
4 _______ a suitcase
5 _______ the washing-up
6 _______ a meal
7 _______ a story
8 _______ a horse
9 _______ a van
10 _______ a taxi
11 _______ a phone call

2 Complete the sentences with of, in, to, for, at, or with.

1 This book is full _______ pictures.
2 Please ask _______ help if you want.
3 Julie is married _______ Sam.
4 Are you afraid _______ flying?
5 Look _______ those birds!
6 He isn't good _______ French.
7 Bill is looking _______ his keys but he can't find them.
8 I don't agree _______ him.
9 My brother is interested _______ literature.
10 Do you work _______ a bank?
11 Wait _______ me in the street.

3 Circle the correct form of the verb.

1 I 'm going to carry / 'll carry your shopping for you.
2 After school he's going to study / will study medicine.
3 Are you going to play / Will you play football later?
4 I 'll help / 'm going to help you if you want me to.
5 I'm really tired, I think I 'll go / 'm going to bed.
6 Don't worry, I 'm going to buy / 'll buy another one for you soon.

4 Circle the correct form of the verb.

1 Would you like(to play)/ playing football with us?
2 Would you like listening / to listen to some music?
3 I'm not going meeting / to meet Mary this afternoon.
4 I'd love going / to go with you.
5 Yes, I'd like to dance / dancing with you.
6 Susan wants to be / being a rich business woman.
7 I'm thinking of to play / playing tennis tomorrow.
8 Martin's hoping arriving / to arrive at six o'clock.
9 She enjoys watching / to watch the news on television.
10 Do you want to try / trying again?
11 Barbara hopes becoming / to become a lawyer.

5 Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

- nervous  excited  depressed  better  tired  well

1 He feels _______ . He's got an exam.
2 Emily is very _______ because she didn't sleep last night.
3 We're really _______ about our holiday next week.
4 Drink some water and you'll feel _______ .
5 Mike is feeling _______ . His girlfriend is going away.
6 My mother doesn't feel _______ . She has a headache.
6 Read the text. Are the statements true (√) or false (✗)?

GROWING UP IN LOS ANGELES

In Hollywood, everybody wants to be rich, famous, and beautiful. Nobody wants to be old, unknown, and poor. For Hollywood kids, life can be difficult because they grow up in such an unreal atmosphere. Their parents are ambitious, and the children are part of the parents’ ambitions.

Parents pay for extravagant parties, expensive cars, and designer clothes. When every dream can come true, kids learn the value of nothing because they have everything. A 13-year-old boy, Trent Maguire, has a driver, credit cards, and unlimited cash to do what he wants when he wants. ‘One day, I’ll earn more than my Dad,’ he boasts.

Parents buy care and attention for their children because they have no time to give it themselves. Amanda’s mother employs a personal trainer, a nutritionist, a bodyguard/chapleur, a singing coach, and a counsellor to look after all her 15-year-old daughter’s needs.

Often there is not a parent at home most days, so children decide whether to make their own meals or go out to restaurants, when to watch television or do homework. They organize their own social lives. They play no childhood games. They become adults before they’re ready.

Hollywood has always been the city of dreams. The kids in L.A. live unreal lives where money, beauty, and pleasure are the only gods. Will children around the world soon start to think the same? Or do they already?

7 Translate these sentences.

1 She’s going to move house next month.

2 Would you like to come to my party?

3 They’d like to have their own business.

4 We enjoy travelling to different countries.

5 A I’m late for my train.
   B Don’t worry! I’ll give you a lift to the station.

2 points for each correct answer

TOTAL 100
1 Complete the table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ADJECTIVE</th>
<th>COMPARATIVE</th>
<th>SUPERLATIVE</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 old</td>
<td>older</td>
<td>oldest</td>
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<td>2 kind</td>
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<td>10 dry</td>
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<tr>
<td>11 bad</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

2 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (✗)?

HETTY GREEN
Henrietta (Hetty) Green was a very spoilt, only child. She was born in Massachusetts, USA, in 1835. Her father was a millionaire businessman. Her mother was often ill, and so from the age of two her father took her with him to work and taught her about stocks and shares. At the age of six she started reading the daily financial newspapers and she opened her own bank account.

Her father died when she was 21 and she inherited $7.5 million. She went to New York and invested on Wall Street. Hetty saved every penny, eating in the cheapest restaurants for 15 cents. She became one of the richest and most hated women in the world. She was called ‘The Witch of Wall Street’. At 33 she married Edward Green, a multi-millionaire, and had two children, Ned and Sylvia.

Hetty’s meanness was legendary. She always argued about prices in shops. She walked to the local grocery store to buy broken cookies (biscuits) which were much cheaper, and to get a free bone for her much-loved dog, Dewey. Once she lost a two-cent stamp and spent the night looking for it. She never bought clothes and always wore the same long, ragged black skirt. Worst of all, when her son Ned fell and injured his knee, she refused to pay for a doctor and spent hours looking for free medical help. In the end Ned’s leg was amputated.

When she died in 1916 she left her children $100 million (worth $9.3 billion today). Her daughter built a hospital with her money.

1 Hetty came from a big family. ✓
2 Hetty's mother and father worked together. ✗
3 Hetty learnt about money from her father. ✓

3 Match the questions 1–11 and answers a–k.

1 Where would you like to travel?
2 Tell me about Rome. What's it like?
3 What’s it like to be married?
4 What's his wife like?
5 What would you like to do?
6 What's his child like?
7 What was the hotel like?
8 What do children like to eat?
9 What does Harry like?
10 Who's David like?
11 What are you really like?

a It's not easy, but it's fun.
b I'd like to go dancing.
c I'm quite kind-hearted.
d She laughs a lot.
e I'd like to visit New Zealand.
f He's like his mother.
g It was big and modern.
h They like ice-cream.
i He's a very happy boy.
j He likes motorbikes and ballet.
k It's a beautiful city.

4 Do these words mean the same or not? Write same or opposite.

1 old new _______ opposite
2 messy untidy _______
3 rude polite _______
4 marvellous wonderful _______
5 unhappy sad _______

NAME:
NAME:

6 Translate these sentences.

1 I think Barcelona is more interesting than Paris and it isn't as expensive.

2 Our house is over the bridge. It's opposite the bus stop.

3 A What was your hotel like?  
   B It was big and modern. I really liked it.

4 A What's your city like?  
   B It's smaller than London and much quieter.

5 We had the worst holiday of our lives last year.

5 Look at the map. Complete the directions with words from the box.

left on out of into opposite in front of down  
next to through right over

To get to my house from school, go (1) ________ out of the entrance and turn left (2) ________ Denham Lane.  
Walk (3) ________ Denham Lane as far as the roundabout and then turn (4) ________ . After about a hundred metres, you'll see the post office on your (5) ________ . It's (6) ________ the Midland Bank.  
Cross the road and you'll see a bus stop (7) ________ you, with a small path (8) ________ it. Go (9) ________ the gate and (10) ________ the bridge. You'll see my house (11) ________ your right.

2 points for each correct answer

6 brilliant stupid ____________
7 awful nice ____________
8 generous mean ____________
9 polluted clean ____________
10 modern new ____________
11 wealthy rich ____________

2 points for each correct answer

5 Translate these sentences.

1 I think Barcelona is more interesting than Paris and it isn't as expensive.

2 Our house is over the bridge. It's opposite the bus stop.

3 A What was your hotel like?  
   B It was big and modern. I really liked it.

4 A What's your city like?  
   B It's smaller than London and much quieter.

5 We had the worst holiday of our lives last year.
1 Circle the correct form of the verb.

1 I (visited) / have visited Paris in 1995.
2 We went / 've been camping here every summer.
3 They 've built / built it five years ago.
4 Sorry I 'm late - I (missed) / 've missed the bus.
5 Did you ask / H ave you asked her yet?
6 When did they tell / have they told you?
7 I haven't known / didn't know her very long.
8 We lived / 've lived in this house all our lives.
9 She 's had / had a headache since yesterday.
10 He was / has been an actor since he was a boy.
11 How much have you paid / did you pay for it?

1 point for each correct answer

2 Complete the conversation.

Paul Where do you live, Sarah?
Sarah I (t) ____________ Bristol.
Paul How long (7) ________________ there?
Sarah (8) __________ about a year.
Paul What (4) __________ do?
Sarah I (5) __________ in television. I 'm a journalist.
Paul What (6) ______________ before that?
Sarah I (7) __________ for a newspaper in London.
Paul Why (8) ______________ leave?
Sarah Because I earn much more money now.
Paul (9) Do ______________ a car, Sarah?
Sarah Yes, (10) ____________.
Paul Great! Can you drive me to the station?

2 points for each correct answer

3 Complete the letter with the words in the box.

Dear Mum

Well, I 've been here for exactly 56 days and I 'm (1) ____________ enjoying myself. We(2) ______________ have the exams left. At first it was very difficult, (3) ______________ because everyone spoke so quickly. I studied very (4) ______________ and I can now understand (5) ______________ everything I hear. I met an English boy (6) ____________ before Christmas and I (7) ____________ go out with him. We speak English (8) ______________ and he speaks (9) ______________ to help me. (10) ______________ I 've told him all about you and I hope you 'll meet him one day.

2 points for each correct answer

4 Read the text. Imagine you are Tim Abbott and answer the questions. Use short answers.

Hi! My name's Tim Abbott and I play for Maidstone United in the Southern League. I 've played with them for five years. We train for about six hours every day, but my manager thinks we should not train on Sundays. Last year I had a problem with my left knee and it 's been painful since then. It hurts all the time. I 'll stop playing when I 'm about thirty-five. After that, I 'll do something different.

1 Are you Tim Abbott? ____________
2 Do you play for Maidstone United? ____________
3 Is your club in the Premier League? ____________
4 Have you played with them for ten years? ____________
5 Do you train for about six hours? ____________
6 Did your manager tell you not to train? ____________
7 Can your team train on Sundays? ____________
8 Did you have a problem last year? ____________
9 Has your knee stopped hurting now? ____________
10 Will you stop playing before you 're forty? ____________
11 Would you like to do something different then? ____________

2 points for each correct answer

5 Read the text. Are the statements true (√) or false (✗)?

CHER

Cher was born in the US on 20 May 1946 in El Centro, which is on the California/Mexico border. Her full name is Cherilyn Sarkisian and she is part-Cherokee and part-Armenian, Turkish, and French. She left high school when she was 16 and went to Los Angeles, where she planned to take acting lessons. There she met Salvatore Bono, who
was working at the Gold Star Studios where Phil Spector was recording many famous singers. He discovered that Cher could sing, and they became the singing duo Sonny and Cher. Their first hit song was ‘I got you, babe’, which topped the charts in 1965. Cher was still only 19. They got married and had a daughter, who they called Chastity. In 1975 Sonny and Cher were divorced, and later that year Cher married Greg Allman, who was another famous rock star. But two years later Cher was divorced for the second time because of Allman’s drink and drugs problems. She decided to turn to acting again. In 1982 she appeared in her first major film, ‘Come Back to the Five and Dime, Jimmy Dean, Jimmy Dean’, which was well received by the critics and public. She went to on win Best Actress at the Cannes Film Festival in 1985 for her role in ‘Mask’, and finally she won an Oscar for ‘Moonstruck’ in 1987.

1 Cher can speak Turkish and French.  
2 From a young age Cher wanted to act.  
3 Cher’s first husband was a singer.  
4 Cher joined a singing group with Phil Spector.  
5 Her first song was very popular.  
6 She married another famous singer in 1975.  
7 Cher started acting again after her second divorce.  
8 She was in her thirties when she made her first film.  
9 People didn’t like her first film.  
10 She has only won one Oscar.

6 Make 10 sentences from the chart below.

| Peter’s been waiting | for  | Monday.  
|----------------------|-----|------
| I’ve known about it  | since| eight o’clock.  
|                      |     | two weeks.  
|                      |     | a few days.  
|                      |     | 1990.  
|                      |     | I was sixteen.

1 Peter’s been waiting since Monday.  
2 ____________________________  
3 ____________________________  
4 ____________________________  
5 ____________________________
1 Match the verbs with the words in the box.

**responsibility.** poetry in bed cruel to be kind
your age abroad your time what you've missed
a word with someone being silly your job

1 take ___________
2 write ___________
3 act ___________
4 stay ___________
5 stop ___________
6 have ___________
7 don’t know ___________
8 give up ___________
9 take ___________
10 have to be ___________
11 live ___________

2 Write questions.

1 you / wear / to / glasses / have / do / why / ?
   Why do you have to wear glasses?
2 morning / time / do / what / start / in / the / you / have / work / to / ?
3 English / class / in / the / time / all / you / have / speak / to / do / ?
4 you / to / often / dentist’s / to / how / have / the / do / go / ?
5 to / have / do / university / lawyer / be / to / a / go / you / to / ?
6 your / doctor / did / take / why / temperature / the / have / to / ?

2 points for each correct answer

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of should or have to.

1 A chef ________ cook many kinds of food.
2 I hope you don’t ____________ go home early.
3 I think Patrick ____________ be more polite to his sister!
4 Receptionists ____________ be polite to people.
5 Do I ____________ wash up again?
6 You ____________ try to phone your father this weekend.
7 I didn’t like the job because I ____________ work at weekdays.
8 Tom is ill, he ____________ see his doctor.
9 Mike ____________ teach many kinds of student.
10 I’m depressed. What ____________ I do?
11 A postman ____________ get up early every day.

1 point for each correct answer

4 Complete the crossword. All the words are jobs.

1 This person works under the ground.
2 You can buy paintings from this person.
3 This person is like a policeman.
4 We need this person to grow our food.
5 This person designs buildings.
6 You ask this person to fix your car.
7 Take your dog to this person if it is sick.
8

2 points for each correct answer
8 If you have a legal problem, ask this person.
9 This person works with water.
10 (down) This person has a very dangerous job.

5 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (✗)?

MISS CHANEL
She's 14, American, and speaks no French at all. But six-foot-tall Kimora Lee Perkins is hot news in Paris. She has become the top model at the Parisian fashion house of Chanel. She owes her famous looks to a Korean mother and a black father. But when she was young, back home in St. Louis, Missouri, she cried when she looked in the mirror and saw how tall she was. 'I felt I was different from all the other kids my age,' she explains. Her mother Joanne Perkins, 34, recalls, 'Kimora was a miserable child. It was almost impossible for her to feel like other girls of her age, and some girls were cruel. Growing up was a very painful experience for her.'

When she was 11, her mother took her to a local modelling school. She thought modelling would be an interesting job because then she would be with other tall girls. She began to like it very much, and had to learn how to walk and pose to show the clothes at their best.

Chanel chose her because 'she has the look of the new century', and now she spends eight to ten hours a day modelling their latest fashions in various parts of the world. 'I have to try really hard to keep looking good for the cameras,' she said.

6 Read the text again. Write a word from the text with the same sound as these words but with a different spelling.

1 four ________
2 ours ________
3 sore ________
4 wood ________
5 know ________
6 there ________

7 Translate these sentences.

1 We had to study Latin when we were at school.
2 A Would you like to come to the cinema with me?
   B I'm afraid I can't. I have to do the ironing.
3 I'm a teacher so I don't have to work at weekends.
4 He has to work until nine o'clock every evening.
5 A I made a lot of mistakes in my homework.
   B You should ask your teacher for help.

TOTAL 100
1 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb.
1 If I get up early, I (catch) ________ the six o'clock train. If it (rain) ________, I'll bring my car.
2 If I have a problem, (help) ________ you ________?
3 If you (not water) the plants ________, they'll die.
4 If the food (be) ________ good, we'll come here again.
5 As soon as Linda (arrive) ________, call me.
6 When I arrive, I (phone) ________ you.
7 If you don't go away, I (call) ________ the police!
8 What will you do if Monica (not pay) ________?
9 Before you (go) ________, leave my key on the table.
10 I (not wait) ________ if he's late again.
11 What (say) ________ you ________ if Peter asks?

2 Cross out the wrong word and write the correct one above it.
1 What's for TV tonight?
2 This writing is on French.
3 Please don't be late – you must arrive by time.
4 Shall we go at a walk?
5 We don't have a car so we always travel in train.
6 My parents live in the second floor.
7 Are you very busy on work this week?
8 She bought the book on mistake.
9 I'm reading a book for Charles Dickens.
10 Who was that at the phone?
11 We'll be at the station for a moment – we're nearly there.

3 Complete the sentences with when, if, before, or until.
1 He had a shower ________ he went to school.
2 We arrived home ________ midnight.
3 Would you like some coffee ________ you leave?
4 ________ it doesn't rain tomorrow, we'll play tennis.
5 I'll phone you ________ I arrive.
6 The taxi didn't come ________ ten o'clock.

4 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (✗)?

MEGALOPOLIS

The town of Shenzhen, just forty kilometres north of Hong Kong, is the world's biggest building site. In 1982 it was a fishing village with two main roads, fields, and a population of 30,000. Now it has a population of 3 million. It is growing at an incredible speed. It is spreading north towards Guangzhou (also known as Canton) and west towards Macau. The Chinese government hopes that in less than ten years this area will be the biggest city on earth, with a population of 40 million people.

China is changing. It is no longer a country where absolutely everything is owned and controlled by the state. Developers are welcome. As Deng Xiaoping, the Chinese leader, said in 1992, 'To get rich is glorious.' The old China of bicycles and Little Red Books is disappearing. A world of mobile phones and capitalism is arriving. The Chinese people seem to welcome dramatic change. They don't worry about losing traditional ways of life. They want the new. As the posters on the sides of the highways shout, 'Development is the only way.'

Shenzhen is a shocking place, like nowhere else on earth that I have ever seen. It is a city with no boundaries and no centre. There are new concrete office blocks, factories, and housing blocks as far as the eye can see. Not just dozens of new buildings, or even hundreds, but thousands. And it is all happening so fast. It takes just six months to design, build, and finish a 60-storey, air-conditioned skyscraper. As one architect said to me, 'If you move too slowly here, someone will walk over you.'

The new Hopewell Highway runs from Shenzhen to Guangzhou, and it takes just two hours to do the 123 kilometres. This superhighway will become the main street of a huge new city, as it gets bigger and bigger until the east meets the west, and the countryside in the middle disappears under concrete.

1 Shenzhen is the largest city in the world. 
2 In the past, Shenzhen was a building site. 
3 Shenzhen is getting bigger very quickly.
4 The Chinese government is worried that too many people live there. ___
5 The government owns everything in China. ___
6 More people are buying bicycles now than in the past. ___
7 The Chinese people want a different way of life. ___
8 There are dozens of new buildings in Shenzhen. ___
9 It takes two hours to drive from Shenzhen to Guangzhou. ___
10 One day there will be no countryside near Shenzhen. ___

2 points for each correct answer 20

5 Choose the correct verb from the box.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>verb</th>
<th>get</th>
<th>do</th>
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</table>

1 get angry
2 make up your mind
3 do a cold
4 make me a favour
5 take some tablets
6 make friends
7 make sure
8 take a photo
9 make some shopping
10 make back home
11 make care

2 points for each correct answer 20

6 Translate these sentences.

1 A What will you do if the weather is bad on holiday? B We'll visit museums and galleries.
   A ____________________________
   B ____________________________

2 She'll have some German lessons before she goes to Berlin.
   ______________________________

3 If he misses the last train, he'll spend the night in a hotel.
   ______________________________

4 They won't land at the airport until midnight.
   ______________________________

5 As soon as I arrive at the station, I'll call you.
   ______________________________

2 points for each correct answer 10

TOTAL 100
1 Complete the sentences with the correct form of verb.

1 Do you enjoy (go) ___________ to the theatre?
2 Would you like something (read) ___________ ?
3 Julie enjoys (learn) ___________ Greek.
4 I managed (do) ___________ all the shopping before lunch.
5 The film star doesn't like (speak) ___________ to journalists.
6 He's decided (buy) ___________ a house near the sea.
7 She started (feel) ___________ frightened when the door shut behind her.
8 My husband hates (choose) ___________ presents.
9 They hope (spend) ___________ a week in New York.
10 Pete would like (open) ___________ a restaurant in town.
11 We invited her (come) ___________ to the cinema with us.

2 points for each correct answer

2 Complete the sentences with a word from the box.
Use each word once.

boring exhausted exhausting worried worrying
surprised annoyed excited exciting annoying surprising

1 I think museums are ___________
2 The children had a really ___________ day at the beach.
3 It was really ___________ , shopping for Christmas presents all day.
4 It was very ___________ when I lost my keys.
5 It isn't ___________ that no one's come - it's so cold and wet!
6 Were you ___________ when you did the exam?
7 We've just had some ___________ news - my uncle is in hospital.
8 We were ___________ after our long walk.
9 Everyone was ___________ to see Mark after two years.
10 Pat will be ___________ when she sees the broken mirror.
11 Was John ___________ to win the championship?

2 points for each correct answer

3 Complete the sentences with so, such a, such, so many, or so much.

1 We had ___________ wonderful weather on holiday.
2 Peter is ___________ good musician!
3 They have never had ___________ good holiday!
4 My sister wears ___________ lovely clothes!
5 Please don't drive ___________ fast on these roads!
6 We were ___________ frightened by that film!
7 Don't put ___________ things in that bag - it will break!
8 I don't like it here - there are ___________ people!
9 Those shoes cost ___________ money!
10 It's ___________ cold day!
11 Why is there ___________ mess in here?

2 points for each correct answer

4 Complete the sentences with use, use to, or used to.

1 You ___________ too much salt in your cooking.
2 No, you can't ___________ my car!
3 Ron and Molly ___________ be so happy then.
4 They ___________ live in Prague.
5 We ___________ travel to Holland every summer.
6 We didn't ___________ have a car.
7 Paul didn't ___________ smoke.
8 Did you ___________ go there often?
9 Didn't you ___________ be an architect?
10 Can I ___________ this ticket on a later train?
11 Ben ___________ support Newcastle, but not now.

1 point for each correct answer

5 Read the text. Are the statements true (√) or false (✗)?

INTO THE WILD
When Chris McCandless graduated from Emory University, Atlanta, in June 1990, he sent his parents a letter containing his final reports. His letter ended ‘Say ‘Hi’ to everyone for me.’

No one in Chris’s family ever heard from him again.

He drove west out of Atlanta, and invented a new life for himself with a new name. He left his car in some woods and burned all his money, because, as he wrote in his diary, ‘I need no possessions. I can survive with just nature.’

For the next two years, he hitched to various parts of the United States and Canada.

NAME:
States and Mexico. He wanted the freedom to go where he wanted and work when he needed. For him, his life was very rich. ‘God, it’s great to be alive. Thank you! Thank you!’ his diary reads.

Chris came from a comfortable background. His father had a business which he ran efficiently, and he controlled his own family in a similar way. Chris and his father didn’t get on. When his parents didn’t hear from him for several months, they contacted the police, but they could do nothing. In July 1992, two years after Chris left Atlanta, his mother woke in the middle of the night. ‘I could hear Chris calling me. I wasn’t dreaming. He was begging, ‘Mom! Help me!’ But I couldn’t help him because I didn’t know where he was.’

Chris’s dream was to spend some time in Alaska, and this is where he went in April 1992. In early May, after a few days in the Alaskan bush, Chris found an old bus which hunters used for shelter. It had a bed and a stove. He decided to stay there a while. ‘Total freedom,’ he wrote. ‘My home is the road.’

However, reality soon changed the dream. He was hungry, and it was difficult to find enough to eat. He shot ducks, squirrels, birds, and sometimes a moose, and with these he ate wild potatoes, wild mushrooms, and berries. He was losing a lot of weight.

On July 30 he wrote, ‘Extremely weak. Fault of potato seed. Can’t stand up. Starving. Danger.’ It seems that Chris was eating a part of the wild potato plant that was poisonous. He couldn’t get out of the bus to look for food. ‘I am trapped in the wild,’ he wrote on August 5. He became weaker and weaker as he was starving to death. His final note says, ‘I have had a good life and thank the Lord. Goodbye and may God bless all!’

Then he crawled into his sleeping bag and lost consciousness. He probably died on August 18. One of the last things he did was to take a photo of himself, one hand holding his final note, the other hand raised in a brave goodbye. His face is horribly thin, but he is smiling in the picture, and the look in his eyes says ‘I am at peace.’

**6 Translate these sentences.**

1. Who did you meet at the airport?

2. Were you surprised at the end of the film?

3. Did you use to smoke when you were a teenager?

4. We used to visit our grandparents every Sunday.

5. When did you hear from him?

---

2 points for each correct answer  

TOTAL  

---

1. The last time Chris’s parents heard from him was in June 1990.

2. Chris was an inventor.

3. Chris drove to Mexico.

4. Chris’s parents weren’t poor.

5. Chris didn’t have a good relationship with his father.

6. Chris phoned his mother to ask for help.

7. Chris lived with some hunters in Alaska.

8. Chris died because of something he ate.

9. Chris was a religious person.

10. Someone took a photo of Chris before he died.

---

2 points for each correct answer  

TOTAL  

---
1 Correct the sentences.

1 Money stole from the bank yesterday.
   Money was stolen from the bank yesterday.

2 What does she say to you?

3 Last year, I’m studying in Bournemouth.

4 Don’t worry, your keys will being found.

5 Who was you talking to?

6 Is the best cameras made in Japan?

7 Phil has been giving a new heart.

8 Coca-Cola have been produced since 1895.

9 Volkswagen cars make in Germany.

10 How much do you drink last night?

11 Nylon used to make many things.

2 Write these sentences in the passive.

1 Ian Wright scored the goal.
   The goal was scored by Ian Wright.

2 Does your country make planes?

3 An old man won the Lottery.

4 They should ban driving in the High Street.

5 Have they repaired my car?

6 England doesn’t grow pineapples.

Write these sentences in the active.

7 She was given a video by him for her birthday.

8 My purse has been stolen from my bag.

9 Are good wines produced in Australia?

10 Coca-Cola was invented by John Pemberton.

11 Should smoking be allowed in hospitals?

3 Complete the table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VERB</th>
<th>PAST TENSE</th>
<th>PAST PARTICIPLE</th>
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2 points for each correct answer  20

1 point for each correct answer  20
4 Match each notice with a sentence.

a. Under 18s will not be served
b. Services 5m
c. ENGAGED
d. Northern Line

e. Feeding of animals is PROHIBITED
f. PREMIUM UNLEADED
g. PLEASE QUEUE HERE
h. NO PARKING
i. One Way
j. KEEP OFF THE GRASS

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb. They may be active or passive.

1. The book (write) _____________ by Hardy.
2. I (arrive) _____________ last Friday.
3. It (not be) _____________ as cold for a long time.
4. The house (buy) _____________ by a pop star.
5. A famous architect (build) _____________ the bridge.
6. We (not be) _____________ to Texas.

6 Translate these sentences.

1. Ten supermarkets have been opened in this city in the last five years.

2. A Has the thief been caught yet?
   B Yes. The police caught him last night.

3. This play wasn't written by Shakespeare.

4. English is spoken all over the world.

5. Thousands of cars will be sold in Britain next year.
1 Complete the sentences using might or perhaps.

1 We ______ go dancing later.
2 ________ he wasn't telling the truth.
3 Well, he ________ come, but I doubt it.
4 Don’t worry, ________ the film hasn’t started yet.
5 I think ________ your keys are in your bag.
6 I ________ be late tomorrow.
7 ‘Do you think it will rain?’ ‘It ________.’
8 That was ________ her best chance.
9 ‘Will you come?’ ‘__________.’
10 There were two, ________ three, teenagers.
11 Paul ________ not want to come with us.

2 points for each correct answer 20

2 Complete the sentences with a verb from A and a preposition from B. Use each word once.

A put lie look throw turn run go pick try
B away out down off away on back up on

1 You should ______ lie ______ if you don’t feel well.
2 It’s cold – ______ your coat ______.
3 Can you ______ your cat this weekend, please?
4 I have to ______ home now; it’s late.
5 Please ______ the lights.
6 Can I ______ the dog ______ for a walk?
7 Don’t ______ the newspaper ______; I want to read it.
8 ______ these black shoes; they’re smaller.
9 ______ those books on the floor.
10 You can’t have a sandwich, we’ve ______ of bread.
11 ______ and leave me alone!

1 point for each correct answer 10

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb.

1 I’d be very surprised if Tom (phone) ______.
2 We’d be sad if you (not come) ________.
3 What (do) ________ if you failed the exam?
4 If we (have) ________ a party, would you come?
5 (close) ________ you ________ the door, please?
6 If I were you, I (ask) ________ her.
7 If you (know) ________ the answer, would you tell me?
8 He (be) ________ happy if he won his next match.
9 I (help) ________ you if I had the time.
10 Which cities (like) ________ you ________ to see during the holiday?
11 How would you manage if you (lose) ________ your job?

2 points for each correct answer 20

4 Complete the conversation. Use the Past Simple or ‘d / would.

Lisa What (do) ________ if you (2 win) ________ a lot of money?

Jody Well, I (1 not put) ________ the money in the bank. First, I (4 look for) ________ a really big house, and I (5 like) ________ to do something special.

Lisa (6 like) ________ to meet the Spice Girls?

Jody No, I (7 would) ________! If I (8 meet) ________ them, I (9 not know) ________ what to say!

Lisa Oh, I (10 love) ________ to meet them! It (11 be) ________ fantastic!

2 points for each correct answer 20
5 Which sentence fits the reply? Circle a, b, or c.

1. a) I've got a return ticket.  
   b) I forgot her birthday!  
   c) I've passed my exams!  
   Congratulations!

2. a) Good luck!  
   b) Would you like a coffee?  
   c) I'd apologize if I were you.  
   Same to you.

3. a) Haven't we met before?  
   b) Great to see you again!  
   c) Bye for now!  
   See you later.

4. a) I can't come to your party.  
   b) I'd like to come to with you.  
   c) Thousands of people were killed.  
   Oh, what a pity!

5. a) I didn't win after all.  
   b) Let's go out for dinner.  
   c) I don't know what to do.  
   Good idea!

6. a) He's feeling much better now.  
   b) I'm sorry, but this is my seat.  
   c) Isn't that your brother over there?  
   That's right.

7. a) Give me time to think.  
   b) Could I speak to Frank, please?  
   c) When did the programme finish?  
   Just a minute.

8. a) His house burnt down last week.  
   b) I've lost your pen.  
   c) Would you mind if I left now?  
   Never mind.

   b) Have you any advice for me?  
   c) Who's that man over there?  
   I haven't a clue.

10. a) I've got an exam tomorrow.  
    b) I got all the questions right.  
    c) How would you do it?  
    Good luck!

11. a) I believe you're Tim Hodge.  
    b) I'm so sorry I'm late.  
    c) Is this seat taken?  
    That's right.

6 Translate these sentences.

1. If we go on holiday, my friend will look after the cat.
   A __________________________________________________________________________
   B __________________________________________________________________________

2. A I've tried to look up her number in the phone book but I can't find it.
   B Never mind. We can go to her house. She might be at home now.
   A __________________________________________________________________________
   B __________________________________________________________________________

3. What would you do if you didn't get on with your family?
   A __________________________________________________________________________
   B __________________________________________________________________________

4. If I were you, I'd take that broken CD back to the shop.
   __________________________________________________________________________

5. A What are you going to do for your sister's birthday?
   B I'm not sure. I might take her to a restaurant or I might cook a meal for her at home.
   A __________________________________________________________________________
   B __________________________________________________________________________
1 Complete the sentences with already or yet.

1 We've ________ eaten our lunch.
2 We've ________ seen that film – it was on last week.
3 Yes, he's ________ been. He was here a long time ago.
4 Have you been to the doctor ________ ?
5 Tina's ________ told me that you won. Congratulations!
6 Has the postman been ________ ?

2 Complete the sentences with a verb from the box. Use the Present Perfect Continuous.

swim write wait do cook decorate watch use
bath sunbathe work

1 John's hair is wet. He's ________ swimming.
2 Pete ________ as a postman for years.
3 There's paint everywhere ________ you ________ ?
4 I'm sunburnt. I ________ outside.
5 'Why are you crying?' ‘I ________ onions.’
6 My head aches. I ________ the computer all morning.
7 How long ________ you ________ that letter?
8 The floor is wet. Sue ________ the dog!
9 You're late! We ________ for hours!
10 ‘Have you done your homework?’ ‘No, I ________ TV.’
11 I need a rest. I ________ the housework since 9 a.m.

3 Complete the sentences with an adverb from the box.

carefully mainly really fluently seriously exactly

1 She did her work ________ and made no mistakes.
2 Kate teaches schoolchildren, ________ teenagers.
3 David speaks three languages ________ .
4 Several people were ________ hurt in the fire.
5 It's ________ two years since they got married.
6 It was ________ kind of you to offer to help.

4 Complete the table.

NOUN ADJECTIVE NOUN VERB
honesty honest ________
dead death die ________
madness ________ mysterious ________
success ________ ________ advertise
variety ________ comfortable ________

5 Write sentences to use on the telephone.

1 speak / I / Bob / could / to / please / ?
   Could I speak to Bob, please?
2 he'll / know / back / you / be / do / time / what / ?
   He'll know you're back by do / time / what / ?
3 a / I / take / can / message / ?
   Can I take a message / ?
4 this / James / is
   ________
5 you / can / Mary / that / say / phoned / ?
   ________
6 out / afraid / I'm / he's
   ________
7 I / to / could / please / speak / Ann / ?

8 Bob / that / is / ?

9 try / I’ll / again / later

10 take / details / can / just / I / some / ?

11 on / hold / I’ll / you / connect

2 points for each correct answer  20

6 Circle the correct form of the verb.

1 I found / ‘ve found / my purse so we can go now.
2 I waited / ‘ve been waiting here for hours.
3 She ‘s been studying / studied hard last term.
4 Mr Steele has worked / worked here until last year.
5 She ‘s been studying / studied hard this term.
6 You look hot! Have you been cooking / cooked?
7 She ‘s had / was having her baby – it’s a girl!
8 You ‘ve been working / worked hard yesterday.
9 What have you been doing / did you do since lunchtime?
10 What did she say / was she saying when you told her?
11 I ‘ve been knowing / ‘ve known her for a long time.

1 point for each correct answer  10

7 Translate these sentences.

1 They’ve been working in Manchester since they left university.

2 I’ve liked swimming since I was a child.

3 We’ve already found a nice house but we haven’t moved in yet.

4 I can’t play tennis because I’ve broken my arm. I had a car accident last week.

5 A Why is your face red?
   B I’ve been running.

2 points for each correct answer  10

TOTAL  100
1 What do you say? Match a phrase in the box with a situation 1–7. Use each phrase once.

Goodbye. We'll let you know. Have a safe journey. Thanks for a lovely evening. Goodnight. Bye! Thank you for having me. Bye! Drive carefully. Good luck in the future.

1 (your colleague is leaving by plane)

Have a safe journey.

2 (you're leaving work and it's very late)


3 (you're leaving a friend's house after dinner)


4 (you've been interviewing someone)


5 (a student is leaving your course)


6 (you've been staying with friends)


7 (your friend is getting into his car)


2 Write these sentences again. Begin Gerry said . . .

1 'I'm thinking.'

Gerry said he was thinking.

2 'I'm glad that I went.'


3 'I'll lend Mike some money.'


4 'I feel very angry.'


5 'Judy still hasn't called.'


6 'I'm going now.'


7 'I've lost my watch again.'


3 Complete the text with the Past Perfect form of the verbs in brackets.

At the trial, Annette said she (see) ___________ Mr Davis leaving the house. She (2 notice) ___________ that he was wearing a raincoat, and she (3 wonder) ___________ why because it was hot and sunny. The man (4 not see) ___________ her. He (5 begin) ___________ to walk away but he stopped suddenly. The man looked back and then got into a blue car that (6 be parked) ___________ near the corner. Annette explained that she (7 cross) ___________ the road because she (8 notice) ___________ a large bag by the wall. 'I'd have opened it,' she said, 'but I (9 watch) ___________ a programme about bombs the night before so I was frightened. I decided to phone the police. By the time they (10 arrive) ___________ , the man (11 go) ___________ .'


4 Circle the correct word to complete the sentences.

1 My aunt's a terrible cook / cooker!

2 If she phones, say / tell that I'm out.

3 Can you hear / listen that strange sound?

4 His best film was the last / latest before he died.

5 Please say / tell her I'm very sorry.

6 I won't borrow / lend you anything again!

7 No one knows who's / whose this coat is.

8 Can I borrow / lend this video?
5 Read the text. Are the statements true (✓) or false (✗)?

THE MAN WHO COULD TURN BACK THE CLOCK

Once upon a time there was a man who had the power to turn back the clock. Whenever he wanted to change something he had done or said, he could repeat the event in the light of experience.

Now one day it happened that this man was out for a walk when it started to rain, so he took shelter under a tree. After a few minutes the man was joined by a very beautiful young lady and her dog, who were also seeking shelter. The storm lasted about an hour.

The man went home to his wife and told her why he was late.

Immediately his wife questioned his behaviour with the young lady. She asked him about what had happened. The man replied in a surprised and hurt voice: ‘Why, nothing happened. I was a perfect gentleman. What do you expect? Especially when she had such a large dog with her.’

His wife was furious: ‘What!! Only the dog stopped you!’

The man realized his mistake and immediately turned the clock back a few minutes and tried the conversation again. This time when his wife expressed her fears, he said ‘It’s true the girl was very beautiful and she seemed to like me but my deep love for you gave me strength.’

However, his wife was even more furious: ‘What!! You wanted to kiss her! A bad thought is as terrible as a bad action.’

6 Translate these sentences.

1 He said that he would meet me at half past eight.

2 My parents asked me where I had been all night.

3 When we arrived at the party, they started the meal.

4 When we arrived at the party, they had started the meal.

5 The teacher asked us if we understood the exercise.

2 points for each correct answer

24

TOTAL

20

10

100
Listening tests

Unit 1 T.1.5
Listen to the text about Steve and put ✓ or ✗.

1. He lives in a flat.     ✓
2. His brother is staying with him.    ✓
3. He is an architect.    ✓
4. His job is well paid.     ✓
5. He doesn’t like his neighbour.     ✓
6. Mrs Snell always talks to him.     ✓
7. His party finished at 11 o’clock.    ✓
8. After the party he went to the pub.       ✓
9. His friend is in hospital.     ✓
10. His friend is Chinese.   ✓

Unit 2 T.2.1
Listen and complete the texts.

Well, my country’s got a population of ... er ... about three and a half million, so it’s not a big place. Most of the people are from Europe, but about (1) _______ per cent are Maori ... they were the original inhabitants. A lot of people (2) _______ in bungalows, which are small houses on one (3) _______ , and have a pet. It’s a very beautiful country. It’s got a lot of mountains and people (4) _______ the countryside. Oh, and we’re very good at rugby and cricket.

My country is in the northern part of a (5) _______ country, but we’ve got our own parliament. There are just over (6) _______ million of us. We’ve got a lot of mountains, and there are also lots of (7) _______ , lakes, and islands. People come to my country to (8) _______. Our salmon is famous all over the (9) _______ . And we also produce a very famous drink (10) _______ whisky.

Unit 3 T.3.5
Hands up, I’ve got a burger! p119

Listen and put ✓ or ✗.

1. The robbery happened last Tuesday.   ✓
2. The robber stole $1,000.    ✓
3. The robber’s name is Bill McGinnis.   ✓
4. The robber went into the bank at half past one.     ✓
5. He asked for $2,000.    ✓
6. He said he had a bomb.    ✓
7. The teller saw the hamburger.    ✓
8. She gave the robber the money.    ✓
9. The robber dropped the money.   ✓
10. He escaped on the bus.        ✓

Unit 4 T.4.5
Tick (✓) the correct answer.

1. The customer wants to buy
   a. a jumper.    ✓
   b. a jacket.    ✓
   c. jeans.      ✓

2. Her size is
   a. small.    ✓
   b. large.    ✓
   c. medium.  ✓

3. It costs
   a. £29.99.    ✓
   b. £39.99.    ✓
   c. £49.99.    ✓

4. Vogue is on
   a. the bottom shelf.    ✓
   b. the middle shelf.    ✓
   c. the top shelf.        ✓

5. The customer has
   a. a cold.    ✓
   b. a headache.    ✓
   c. a sore nose.    ✓

Unit 5 T.5.1
Listen and put ✓ or ✗.

1. Sean wants to be an architect.   ✓
2. Sean wants to go to the moon.   ✓
3. Mel is in her first year at university.   ✓
4. Mel wants to go round the world.   ✓
5. Justin loves flying.  ✓
6. Justin is married.   ✓
7. Martyn loves writing.    ✓
8. Martyn wants to live in London.     ✓
Listening Tests

Unit 6  T 6.1

Listen and put ✓ or X.

1. Ellen often leaves Chicago. ✓
2. Todd plays tennis a lot. X
3. Todd has been to Australia. ✓
4. Chicago is a cosmopolitan city. ✓
5. It was hot in January. X
6. Todd was in Dubai in September. ✓
7. Dubai is very modern. ✓
8. Ellen has been to Paris. ✓

Unit 7  T 7.2

Tick (√) the correct answer.

1. Anthony Trollope travelled to a India. ✓
   b America. X
   c Australia. X

2. Joanna Trollope writes a stories. ✓
   b poems. X
   c plays. X

   b 1980. X
   c 1990. X

4. She studied a Spanish. ✓
   b French. X
   c English. X

5. She writes her books with a a typewriter. ✓
   b a pen. X
   c a pencil. X

Unit 8  T 8.1

Listen and put ✓ or X.

1. In January it snows a lot. ✓
2. People go swimming at the weekends. X
3. It is too cold to eat lunch outside. X
4. A lot of the towns are pretty. ✓
5. There are some beautiful rivers. ✓
6. There are mountains all around. X
7. Fondue is a drink. X
8. Karl doesn't like fondue. X

Unit 9  T 9.3

Listen and put ✓ or X.

1. Paul is going to New York. ✓
2. Mary will telephone from the hotel. X
3. Paul is going out with Henry tonight. ✓
4. Mary will leave a phone message. X
5. The plane arrives at 10.00. ✓
6. Paul will pick Mary up at the airport. ✓
7. Mary will water the plants. X

Unit 10  T 10.1

Listen and complete the text.

I have always enjoyed walking. When I was a boy, I used to go walking at weekends with my (1) ______. We went camping and climbing together.

I try to visit a new place every year. Last year I decided to walk a path in Spain called El Camino del Rey, which means the King's Way. It is one of the highest and most (2) ______ footpaths in Europe. It used to be very safe, but now it is falling down.

I took a train to the (3) ______ of El Chorro and started to walk towards the mountains. I was very (4) ______.

Then the adventure began. The path was about three feet wide and there were (5) ______ in it. It used to have a handrail, but not any more. I didn't know what to do - should I go on my (6) ______ and knees, or stand up? I decided to stand up and walk very slowly. At times...
Listening tests

the path was only as wide as my two boots. I stopped to have a rest, but there was (7) __________ to sit.

I began to feel very frightened. It was (8) __________ to look down or look up. I was concentrating so hard that my body started aching. There was no thrill of danger, no (9) __________ of the view. I thought I was going to die.

I finally managed to get to the end. I was shaking, and I was covered in sweat from heat and (10) __________. I fell to the ground, exhausted.

Unit 11  T 11.4  p126

Listen and complete the text.
The history of modern chewing gum (1) __________ in 19th century America. In 1892 a clever (2) __________ salesman called William Wrigley decided that chewing gum was the thing of the future. Wrigley was a business genius. He was the (3) __________ to use advertising to sell in a big way. (4) __________ Leanne.

William Wrigley was really an advertising genius. He hired (5) __________ of pretty girls, who he called ‘the Wrigley girls’. They (6) __________ up and down the streets of Chicago and New York City handing out free gum. Millions of pieces were given away. He (7) __________ had huge electric signs and billboards - one billboard was a mile (8) __________ , it ran along the side of the (9) __________ track. So with all this, chewing gum became very popular all (10) __________ the USA.

Unit 12  T 12.4  p126

Tick (✓) the correct answer.
1 Ruth is having a holiday in
   a France.
   b Italy.
   c Spain.

2 She wants to work in
   a a hospital.
   b an office.
   c the media.

3 She is going to buy a flat with her
   a brother.
   b friend.
   c sister.

4 Ruth is very
   a adventurous.
   b ambitious.
   c nervous.

5 Henry might go to
   a America.
   b Australia.
   c Argentina.

6 He might work in a
   a museum.
   b library.
   c restaurant.

7 He might earn money by
   a painting.
   b singing.
   c writing.

Unit 13  T 13.1  p127

Listen and put ✓ or ✗.

1 He has been on the streets for a month. ✓

2 He came to London to look for work. ✗

3 He sells the magazine every day. ✓

4 He doesn’t have any friends. ✗

5 He needs somewhere to live. ✓

6 He can’t get a job. ✗

7 He sells fifteen copies a day. ✗

8 He has sold fourteen copies today. ✓

Unit 14  T 14.7  p128

Listen and put ✓ or ✗.

1 Carmen thinks writing romantic novels is easy. ✗

2 Bradley is her husband. ✓

3 Her first husband was an actor. ✓

4 Tony Marsh makes her unhappy. ✓

5 She has been married for nearly twelve years. ✗

6 She has written five novels. ✓

7 She has three children. ✗

8 She is an old lady. ✗
UNIT 1 TEST A

1. How
2. Where
3. Why
4. What
5. When

2. Do girls study more than boys?
3. Is he living in Warsaw?
4. Does Ian play football for Arsenal?
5. Can I help you wash up?
6. Is John having a shower?
7. Does Tom have a good job?
8. Do you know that you're wrong?
9. Are dogs very clever?
10. Are some video games very expensive?

UNIT 1 TEST B

1. are you studying
2. are you
3. Where were you
4. Do you have
5. of music do you

2. Do they watch television every night?
3. Is John having a shower?
4. Do girls study more than boys?
5. Does Tom have a good job?
6. Does Ian play football for Arsenal?
7. Are dogs very clever?
8. Is he living in Warsaw?
9. Can I help you wash up?
10. Are some video games very expensive?
11. Do you know that you're wrong?

3. are you
4. Do you have
5. you married
6. Do you have
7. you enjoying
8. Are you wearing
9. you like
10. you go to

4. 's listening
5. Mr Taylor using
6. goes
7. isn't studying
8. Are you wearing

5. politician
6. manager
7. receptionist
8. photographer
9. electrician
10. postman/woman

6. How are you?
4. Sleep well.
6. Thanks. Same to you.
8. Thank you.

5. policeman/woman
6. journalist
7. artist
8. electrician
10. scientist

6. journalist
4. politician
6. manager
8. policeman/woman
10. scientist

3. is helping
5. isn't studying
7. Are you wearing
9. goes
11. see

4. Excuse me.
5. How are you?
6. Sleep well.
8. Not at all. Don't mention it.
10. Cheers.

11. Cheers.

11. Cheers.
## UNIT 2 TEST A

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<td>3. Yes, she is.</td>
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<td>4. Yes, she does.</td>
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<td>6. Yes, she is.</td>
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<td>7. Yes, I do. / No, I don’t.</td>
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<td>8. Yes, I am. / No, I’m not.</td>
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<td>9. Yes, I can. / No, I can’t.</td>
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<td>10. Yes, they are. / No, they’re not.</td>
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<td>11. Yes, I have. / No, I haven’t.</td>
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<td>11. ’s watching</td>
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<td>7. Yes, I can. / No, I can’t.</td>
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UNIT 3 TEST A

1. walked  2. didn't want  3. was shining  4. was walking  5. saw  6. passed  7. was singing  8. continued  9. met  10. stopped

2. went  3. spoke  4. didn't understand  5. didn't matter  6. were  7. saw  8. didn't have  9. tried  10. had

3. ✗  4. ✓  5. ✓  6. ✓  7. ✓  8. ✓  9. ✗  10. ✓

4. 2 during  3. while  4. for  5. While  6. During

5. 1 on  2 on  3 at  4 in  5 -  6 on  7 in  8 -  9 in  10 in

6. 2 They arrive on March the thirty-first. / They arrive on the thirty-first of March.  3. Let's meet on June the sixteenth. / Let's meet on the sixteenth of June.  4. Today is November the thirtieth. / Today is the thirtieth of November.  5. We leave on August the twelfth. / We leave on the twelfth of August.  6. It begins on February the second. / It begins on the second of February.

7. 2 used  3. robbed  4. smiled  5. arrived  6. planned  7. sent  8. saved  9. clapped  10. travelled  11. made

UNIT 3 TEST B

1. 2 for  3. During  4. while  5. during

2. 2 Today is November the thirtieth. / Today is the thirtieth of November.  3. It begins on February the second. / It begins on the second of February.  4. Let's meet on June the sixteenth. / Let's meet on the sixteenth of June.  5. They arrive on March the thirty-first. / They arrive on the thirty-first of March.  6. We leave on August the twelfth. / We leave on the twelfth of August.

3. 1 walked  2. didn't want  3. was shining  4. was walking  5. saw  6. passed  7. was singing  8. continued  9. met  10. stopped

4. 2 went  3. spoke  4. didn't understand  5. didn't matter  6. were  7. saw  8. didn't have  9. tried  10. had

5. 1 on  2 on  3 at  4 in  5 -  6 on  7 in  8 -  9 in  10 in

6. 2 They arrive on March the thirty-first. / They arrive on the thirty-first of March.  3. Let's meet on June the sixteenth. / Let's meet on the sixteenth of June.  4. Today is November the thirtieth. / Today is the thirtieth of November.  5. We leave on August the twelfth. / We leave on the twelfth of August.  6. It begins on February the second. / It begins on the second of February.

7. 2 used  3. robbed  4. smiled  5. arrived  6. planned  7. sent  8. saved  9. clapped  10. travelled  11. made

1. ✗  2. ✗  3. ✓  4. ✗  5. ✗  6. ✓  7. ✓  8. ✓  9. ✗  10. ✓  11. ✗

2. 1 on  2 on  3 at  4 in  5 -  6 on  7 in  8 -  9 in  10 in
UNIT 4 TEST A

1  the  
4  – (the is possible)  
7  –  
10  the  

2  something  
4  anything  
6  something  
8  anything  
10  anyone/anybody  

3  a paper  
5  a glass  
8  glass  

4  glasses  
5  cities  
8  potatoes  
11  people  

5  -  

6  I wonder if you could help me?  
3  How would you like to pay?  
4  Can you tell me where it is?  
5  The changing rooms are over there.  
6  I'm afraid there aren't any left.  

UNIT 4 TEST B

1  a glass  
5  glass  
8  a coffee  

2  anyone/anybody  
4  something  
6  anything  
8  someone/somebody  
10  Someone/Somebody  

3  a paper  
6  glass  
9  cake  

4  a coffee  
7  cake  

5  chocolate  

6  chocolate  

10  coffee  

7  cake  

8  coffee  

9  The  

10  the  

3  keys  
4  sheep  
5  sandwiches  

6  churches  

7  fish  

8  potatoes  

9  women  

10  churches  

11  women  

12  sheep  

13  glasses  

1  the  
4  – (the is possible)  
7  –  
10  the  

2  something  
4  anything  
6  anything  
8  anyone/anybody  
10  Someone/Somebody  

3  a coffee  
6  a cake  
9  cake  

4  a paper  
7  cake  

8  coffee  

11  coffee  

12  coffee  

13  coffee  

11  coffee  

The changing rooms are over there.
### UNIT 5 TEST A

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UNIT 6 TEST A

1. 2 same  3 opposite  4 opposite
   5 same  6 opposite  7 opposite
   8 same  9 same    10 opposite
   11 same

2. 2 d  3 h  4 i  5 k  6 j
   7 a  8 b  9 c  10 g  11 f

3. 2 wealthier   wealthiest
   3 more crowded most crowded
   4 noisier     noisiest
   5 kinder     kindest
   6 busier     busiest
   7 further    furthest
   8 more interesting most interesting
   9 worse      worst
   10 better    best
   11 drier     driest

4. 2 into  3 down  4 right
   5 left     6 opposite  7 in front of
   8 next to  9 through  10 over
   11 on

5. 1 x  2 x  3 ✓  4 x  5 x
   6 x  7 ✓  8 ✓  9 x  10 x

UNIT 6 TEST B

1. 2 kinder   kindest
   3 further   furthest
   4 wealthier wealthiest
   5 more interesting most interesting
   6 noisier   noisiest
   7 better    best
   8 more crowded most crowded
   9 busier    busiest
   10 drier    driest
   11 worse    worst

2. 1 x  2 x  3 ✓  4 x  5 x
   6 x  7 ✓  8 ✓  9 x  10 x

3. 2 k  3 a  4 d  5 b  6 i
   7 g  8 h  9 j  10 f  11 c

4. 2 same  3 opposite  4 same
   5 same     6 opposite  7 opposite
   8 opposite 9 opposite  10 same
   11 same

5. 2 into  3 down  4 right
   5 left     6 opposite  7 in front of
   8 next to  9 through  10 over
   11 on
UNIT 7 TEST A

1  Yes, I do.  2 No, it isn't.  3 No, I haven't.
   4 Yes, we do.  5 No, he didn't.  6 No, it can't.
   7 Yes, I did.  8 No, it hasn't.  9 Yes, I would.
   10 Yes, we do.  11 No, he didn't.

2  missed  3 've lived  4 did they tell  5 've been
   6 's had  7 built  8 Have you asked  9 did you pay
   10 haven't known  11 has been

3  live in  2 have you lived / have you been
   3 For  4 do you / work do you
   5 work / 'm  6 did you do
   7 worked  8 did you
   9 you have / you own  10 I have / I do

4  Peter's been waiting for two weeks. / a few days.
   Peter's been waiting since eight o'clock. / 1990. / Monday.
   I've known about it for two weeks. / a few days.
   I've known about it since Monday. / eight o'clock. / 1990. / I was sixteen.

5  still  2 only  3 especially
   4 hard  5 nearly  6 just
   7 usually  8 together  9 slowly
   10 Of course

6  1 ✗  2 ✓  3 ✓  4 ✗  5 ✓
   6 ✓  7 ✓  8 ✓  9 ✓  10 ✓

UNIT 7 TEST B

1  've been  2 built  3 have you lived / have you been
   4 missed  5 Have you asked
   6 did they tell  7 haven't known
   8 've lived  9 's had
   10 has been  11 did you pay

2  live in  2 have you lived / have you been
   3 For  4 do you / work do you
   5 work / 'm  6 did you do
   7 worked  8 did you
   9 you have / you own  10 I have / I do

3  still  2 only  3 especially
   4 hard  5 nearly  6 just
   7 usually  8 together  9 slowly
   10 Of course

4  Yes, I do.  3 No, it isn't.  4 No, I haven't.
   5 Yes, we do.  6 No, he didn't.  7 No, it can't.
   8 Yes, I did.  9 No, it hasn't.  10 Yes, I will.
   11 Yes, I would.

5  1 ✗  2 ✓  3 ✓  4 ✗  5 ✓
   6 ✓  7 ✓  8 ✓  9 ✓  10 ✓

6  Peter's been waiting for two weeks. / a few days.
   Peter's been waiting since eight o'clock. / 1990. / Monday.
   I've known about it for two weeks. / a few days.
   I've known about it since Monday. / eight o'clock. / 1990. / I was sixteen.
UNIT 8 TEST A

1  1 miner  2 artist  3 detective  4 farmer  5 architect  6 mechanic  7 vet  8 lawyer  9 plumber  10 firefighter

2  2 have to  3 should  4 should  5 have to  6 has to  7 should  8 have to  9 has to  10 had to  11 should

3  2 in bed  3 your job  4 a word with someone  5 poetry  6 your time  7 your age  8 being silly  9 abroad  10 what you've missed  11 cruel to be kind

4  2 Do you have to go to university to be a lawyer?  3 How often do you have to go to the dentist's?  4 What time do you have to start work in the morning?  5 Why did the doctor have to take your temperature?  6 Do you have to speak English all the time in class?

5  1 ✗  2 ✓  3 ✓  4 ✓  5 ✗  6 ✓  7 ✗  8 ✓  9 ✓  10 ✗

6  2 no  3 would  4 hours  5 their  6 saw

UNIT 8 TEST B

1  2 poetry  3 your age  4 in bed  5 being silly  6 a word with someone  7 what you've missed  8 your job  9 your time  10 cruel to be kind  11 abroad

2  2 What time do you have to start work in the morning?  3 Do you have to speak English all the time in class?  4 How often do you have to go to the dentist's?  5 Do you have to go to university to be a lawyer?  6 Why did the doctor have to take your temperature?

3  2 have to  3 should  4 have to  5 have to  6 should  7 had to  8 should  9 has to  10 should  11 has to

4  1 miner  2 artist  3 detective  4 farmer  5 architect  6 mechanic  7 vet  8 lawyer  9 plumber  10 firefighter

5  1 ✗  2 ✓  3 ✓  4 ✓  5 ✗  6 ✓  7 ✗  8 ✓  9 ✓  10 ✗

6  2 hours  3 saw  4 would  5 no  6 their
## UNIT 9 TEST A

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## UNIT 9 TEST B

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<tr>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
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**UNIT 10 TEST B**

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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>9 ✓</td>
<td>10 x</td>
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</table>
UNIT 11 TEST A

1. make  made  made
   steal  stole  stolen
   fly  flew  flown
   build  built  built
   drive  drove  driven
   speak  spoke  spoken
   rob  robbed  robbed
   break  broke  broken
   sell  sold  sold
   hurt  hurt  hurt

2. Don’t worry, your keys will be found.
   Coca-Cola has been produced since 1895.
   Are the best cameras made in Japan?
   Volkswagen cars are made in Germany.
   Last year, I studied/was studying in Bournemouth.
   Who were you talking to?
   Nylon is used to make many things.
   Phil has been given a new heart.
   How much did you drink last night?

UNIT 11 TEST B

1. What did she say to you?
   Last year, I studied/was studying in Bournemouth.
   Don’t worry, your keys will be found.
   Who were you talking to?
   Are the best cameras made in Japan?
   Coca-Cola has been produced since 1895.
   Volkswagen cars are made in Germany.
   What did she say to you?
   How much did you drink last night?
   Nylon is used to make many things.

2. Are planes made in your country?
   The Lottery was won by an old man.
   Driving should be banned in the High Street.
   Pineapples aren’t grown in England.
   He gave her a video for her birthday.
   Someone has stolen my purse from my bag.
   Does Australia produce good wines?
   John Pemberton invented Coca-Cola.
   Should they allow smoking in hospitals?

3. Has my car been repaired?
   Driving should be banned in the High Street.
   Are planes made in your country?
   Pineapples aren’t grown in England.
   John Pemberton invented Coca-Cola.
   Does Australia produce good wines?
   He gave her a video for her birthday.
   Should they allow smoking in hospitals?
   Someone has stolen my purse from my bag.

4. built
   was bought
   arrived
   haven’t been

5. 2 k 3 h 4 c 5 b 6 d
    7 i 8 g 9 e 10 a 11 j

 PHOTOCOPIABLE
UNIT 12 TEST A

1. 2 won 3 wouldn't put 4 'd look for 5 'd like 6 Would you like 7 wouldn't 8 met 9 wouldn't know 10 'd love 11 would be
2. 2 had 3 'd be 4 'd ask 5 didn't come 6 'd help 7 would you do 8 Would ... close 9 lost 10 knew 11 would ... like
3. 2 a 3 b 4 c 5 a 6 c 7 c 8 b 9 a 10 b 11 a
4. 2 go back 3 Try on 4 take ... out 5 put ... on 6 Pick up 7 look after 8 turn off 9 Go away 10 throw ... away 11 run out
5. 2 perhaps 3 perhaps 4 might 5 Perhaps 6 Perhaps 7 might 8 perhaps 9 might 10 might 11 perhaps

UNIT 12 TEST B

1. 2 Perhaps 3 might 4 perhaps 5 perhaps 6 might 7 might 8 perhaps 9 Perhaps 10 perhaps 11 might
2. 2 put ... on 3 look after 4 go back 5 turn off 6 take ... out 7 throw ... away 8 Try on 9 Pick up 10 run out 11 Go away
3. 2 didn't come 3 would you do 4 had 5 Would ... close 6 'd ask 7 knew 8 'd be 9 'd help 10 would ... like 11 lost
4. 2 won 3 wouldn't put 4 'd look for 5 'd like 6 Would you like 7 wouldn't 8 met 9 wouldn't know 10 'd love 11 would be
5. 2 a 3 c 4 a 5 b 6 c 7 b 8 b 9 c 10 a 11 a
UNIT 13 TEST A

1  2 worked  3 worked
2  2 already
3  4 been cooking
4  5 've been waiting
5  7 studied
6  6 have you been doing
7  9 've known
8  8 's been studying
9  10 's had
10 11 did she say

2 2 This is James.
3 3 Is that Bob?
4 4 I'm afraid he's out.
5 5 Do you know what time he'll be back?
6 6 I'll try again later.
7 7 Can I take a message?
8 8 Can you say that Mary phoned?
9 9 Hold on, I'll connect you.
10 10 Could I speak to Ann, please?
11 11 Can I just take some details?

4 Noun Adjective Noun Verb
variety various advertisement advertise
success successful promise promise
madness mad invention invent
comfort comfortable description describe
mystery mysterious belief believe

5 2 've been sunbathing
3 's been bathing
4 've been using
5 's been working
6 've been waiting
7 Have ... been decorating
8 've been cooking
9 've been doing
10 have ... been writing
11 've been watching

6 2 exactly
3 seriously
4 mainly
5 really
6 fluently

UNIT 13 TEST B

1  2 already  3 already
2  3 yet
3  4 already
4  5 yet
5  6 already

2 2 's been working
3 3 Have ... been decorating
4 4 've been sunbathing
5 5 've been cooking
6 6 've been using
7 7 have ... been writing
8 8 's been bathing
9 9 've been waiting
10 10 've been watching
11 11 've been doing

3 2 mainly
3 3 fluently
4 4 seriously
5 5 exactly
6 6 really

4 Noun Adjective Noun Verb
madness mad invention invent
mystery mysterious belief believe
success successful promise promise
variety various advertisement advertise
comfort comfortable description describe

5 2 Do you know what time he'll be back?
3 3 Can I take a message?
4 4 This is James.
5 5 Can you say that Mary phoned?
6 6 I'm afraid he's out.
7 7 Could I speak to Ann, please?
8 8 Is that Bob?
9 9 I'll try again later.
10 10 Can I just take some details?
11 11 Hold on, I'll connect you.

6 2 've been waiting
3 3 studied
4 4 worked
5 5 's been studying
6 6 been cooking
7 7 's had
8 8 worked
9 9 have you been doing
10 10 did she say
11 11 've known
### UNIT 14 TEST A

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<td>'d watched</td>
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### UNIT 14 TEST B

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<th>2. Gerry said (that) he was glad that he went.</th>
<th>3. Gerry said (that) he would lend Mike some money.</th>
<th>4. Gerry said (that) he felt very angry.</th>
<th>5. Gerry said (that) Judy still hadn't called.</th>
<th>6. Gerry said (that) he was going now.</th>
<th>7. Gerry said (that) he had lost his watch again.</th>
<th>8. Gerry said (that) John was desperate.</th>
<th>9. Gerry said (that) he could help Sam.</th>
<th>10. Gerry said (that) Ted had been gone a long time.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Bye! Drive carefully.</td>
<td>Good night.</td>
<td>Thanks for a lovely evening.</td>
<td>Goodbye. We'll let you know.</td>
<td>Good luck in the future.</td>
<td>Bye! Thank you for having me.</td>
<td>Bye! Drive carefully.</td>
<td>'d noticed</td>
<td>'d wondered</td>
<td>hadn't seen</td>
</tr>
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<td>By! Thank you for having me.</td>
<td>Good night.</td>
<td>Thanks for a lovely evening.</td>
<td>Goodbye. We'll let you know.</td>
<td>Good luck in the future.</td>
<td>Bye! Thank you for having me.</td>
<td>Bye! Drive carefully.</td>
<td>'d noticed</td>
<td>'d wondered</td>
<td>hadn't seen</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Gerry said (that) he felt very angry.</td>
<td>Gerry said (that) John was desperate.</td>
<td>Gerry said (that) he would lend Mike some money.</td>
<td>Gerry said (that) he felt very angry.</td>
<td>Gerry said (that) Judy still hadn't called.</td>
<td>Gerry said (that) he was going now.</td>
<td>Gerry said (that) he had lost his watch again.</td>
<td>Gerry said (that) John was desperate.</td>
<td>Gerry said (that) he could help Sam.</td>
<td>Gerry said (that) Ted had been gone a long time.</td>
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</table>
Unit 1 Listening
1 ✓ 2 x 3 x 4 ✓ 5 ✓ 6 x 7 ✓ 8 x 9 ✓ 10 x

Unit 2 Listening
1 twelve 2 live 3 floor 4 love 5 bigger 6 five 7 rivers 8 fish 9 world 10 called

Unit 3 Listening
1 ✓ 2 ✓ 3 x 4 ✓ 5 x 6 ✓ 7 x 8 ✓ 9 x 10 x

Unit 4 Listening
1 a 2 c 3 b 4 b 5 a

Unit 5 Listening
1 x 2 x 3 x 4 ✓ 5 ✓ 6 x 7 ✓ 8 x

Unit 6 Listening
1 x 2 ✓ 3 ✓ 4 ✓ 5 ✓ 6 x 7 ✓ 8 x 9 ✓ 10 x

Unit 7 Listening
1 c 2 a 3 b 4 c 5 b

Unit 8 Listening
1 ✓ 2 x 3 x 4 ✓ 5 x 6 ✓ 7 x 8 x

Unit 9 Listening
1 x 2 ✓ 3 ✓ 4 ✓ 5 x 6 ✓ 7 x

Unit 10 Listening
1 father 2 dangerous 3 village 4 excited 5 holes 6 hands 7 nowhere 8 impossible 9 enjoyment 10 fear

Unit 11 Listening
1 begins 2 young 3 first 4 Here's 5 hundreds 6 walked 7 also 8 long 9 train 10 over
Unit 12  Listening

1 b  2 c  3 c  4 b  5 a  6 c  7 a

Unit 13  Listening

1 x  2 v  3 v  4 x  5 v  6 v  7 x  8 x

Unit 14  Listening

1 v  2 x  3 v  4 x  5 x  6 v  7 x  8 x